

[Flash Cards] Current | 20th January 2023 | For Prelims 2023

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20th January
Daily Flash Cards
for
IAS Prelims 2023

Current Affairs

Question 1

Review petition can be filed under which article of constitution a) Article 137 b) Article 142?

Answer:

Review petition can be filed under **Article 137** of Indian constitution.

Detailed Answer:

Answer: Review petition can be filed under **Article 137** of Indian constitution.

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Review petition

- According to **Constitution**, any judgement given by Supreme Court in **normal course** is final and binding.
- Constitution under **Article 137** gives **Supreme Court** power to **review** its judgments or orders.
- Review petition must be filed within **30 days** of judgment given.
- Review petitions are heard through “**circulation**” by **judges** in chambers.
 - It can be done except in cases of **death penalty**.
- They are **not** heard in **open court**.
- Lawyers makes their case through **written submissions** and **not** oral arguments.
- The judges who passed **original verdict** can also hear review petition.
- According to **Civil Procedure Code** (CrPC) and Supreme Court Rules any aggrieved person can seek a review.

Grounds for review

- Court can review its rulings to correct a **patent error** but **not** minor mistakes.
- In 2013, the Supreme Court laid down 3 grounds for seeking a review-
 - Discovery of **new** and **important** matter or evidence which was **not** previously in **knowledge** of petitioner or could **not** be produced by him.
 - **Mistake** or **error** can be noticed on the face of the record.
 - Or any other **sufficient reason** that is **analogous** to other two grounds.
- In **Union of India v. Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Ltd** case court laid down **nine principles** on when a review is allowed.

Question 2

Which revolutionary was hanged under the charge of Kakori train robbery a) Barindra Nath Ghosh OR b) Ram Prasad Bismil?

Answer:

Barindra Nath Ghosh was hanged under the charge of **Kakori train robbery**.

Detailed Answer:

Answer: Barindra Nath Ghosh was hanged under the charge of **Kakori train robbery**.

Enrich Your Learning

Kakori Train robbery

- Train robbery at Kakori was **HRA** (Hindustan Republican Association)'s **first major** action on **9 August 1925**.
- Attack was done on **Number 8 Down Train** running between **Shahjahanpur** and **Lucknow**.

◦ It carried **treasury bags** to be deposited in **British treasury** in **Lucknow**.

- Revolutionaries' **objective** to rob was to **fund HRA** and garner **public attention** for their work.
- **Rajendranath Lahiri**, a member of HRA inside train **pulled chain** to stop train.
- 10 revolutionaries like **Ram Prasad Bismil** and **Ashfaqullah Khan** looted treasury bags (containing approx Rs 4,600) and escaped to Lucknow.
- British authorities arrested **Bismil** in October, **Ashfaqullah** after a year.
- Only major leader of HRA who evaded arrest was **Chandrashekhar Azad**.
- 4 revolutionaries hanged in **December 1927** were-Rajendranath Lahiri, Ashfaqullah Khan, Ram Prasad Bismil, Thakur Roshan Singh.

Question 3

Delhi Conspiracy trial organised by Sachindra Nath Sanyal was targeted on a) Viceroy Canning OR b) Viceroy Hardinge?

Answer:

Delhi Conspiracy trial organised by Sachindra Nath Sanyal was targeted on **Viceroy Hardinge**.

Detailed Answer:

Answer: Delhi Conspiracy trial organised by Sachindra Nath Sanyal was targeted on **Viceroy Hardinge**.

Enrich Your Learning



Sachindra Nath Sanyal

- He founded **Hindustan Republican Association (HRA)** in October 1924 after **non-cooperation movement** ended.
- He was author of **HRA manifesto- The Revolutionary** that was distributed in major cities of North India.
- He founded a branch of **Anushilan Samiti** in **Patna** in 1913.
- He was a **mentor** for revolutionaries like **Chandrasekhar Azad, Jatindra Nath Das** and **Bhagat Singh**.
- He was involved in plans of **Ghadar Conspiracy** and went underground after it was exposed in **February 1915**.
- He was also jailed by British for his involvement in **Kakori Conspiracy**.
- He died in **Gorakhpur Jail** due to tuberculosis on **7th February 1942**.

Delhi Conspiracy Trial 1912

- He along with **Rashbehari Bose** attacked **Viceroy Hardinge** and injured him when he was entering new capital of **Delhi**.
- He was sentenced to life in **Cellular Jail** in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands for involvement in **Delhi conspiracy**. Later, he was released.
- He wrote book titled **Bandi Jeevan- A Life of Captivity, 1922** during imprisonment.

Question 4

Function of Indian Bureau of Mines (IBM) is limited to being a regulatory body. True or False?

Answer:

False.

Explanation: Function of Indian Bureau of Mines (IBM) includes providing **scientific assistance** and **training** too besides being a **regulatory** body.

Detailed Answer:

Answer: False.

Explanation: Function of Indian Bureau of Mines (IBM) includes providing **scientific assistance** and **training** too besides being a **regulatory** body.

Enrich Your Learning:

Indian Bureau of Mines (IBM)

- It was established in **1948** under **Ministry of Mines**.
- It is a multi-disciplinary government organisation under Department of Mines.

- It promotes **conservation** by scrutiny, geological studies and approval of mining plans and schemes.
- It promotes **scientific development** of mineral resources.
- It protects **environment** in mines other than coal, petroleum & natural gas, atomic minerals and minor minerals.
- It prepares **minerals maps** to National Mineral Inventory of minerals resources.
- It provides technical consultancy services and data to mineral industry.
- It is headed by **Controller General**.
- It has **six** technical divisions with its head-quarters at **Nagpur**.
- It has **Modern Mineral Processing Laboratory** and Pilot Plant.
- It performs **regulatory** functions by enforcing-
 - **Mineral Conservation and Development Rules**, 1988.
 - Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957.
 - Mineral Concession Rules, 1960.
 - Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986 and other such rules.
- It imparts **training** to **technical** and **nontechnical** officials of IBM and persons from **mineral industry**.

Why in news?

- **Union Ministry of Mines** will set up an **individual portal** to **Indian Bureau of Mines** (IBM) through **BISAG-N** (Bhaskaracharya National Institute for Space Applications and Geo informatics) with the help of IBM.

Question 5

Which dance form was originated to boost morals of war soldiers a) Lavani b) Sattriya?

Answer:

Lavani was founded to boost morals of war soldiers.

Detailed Answer:

Answer: **Lavani** was founded to boost morals of war soldiers.

Enrich Your Learning



Lavani

- Lavani is combination of **song** and **dance** performed by **Maharashtra** and **Konkan** or Coastal Region.
- Word '**Lavani**' is derived from the word **Lavanya**, which means '**beauty**'.
- It was originated to morally boost **war troops** during **18th** and **19th** century.
- It reached its popularity during **Peshwa Dynasty**.
- It is generally performed by **Dhangars** or shepherds of Sholapur district, Maharashtra.
- The dance form contains tales of birth of **Biruba**, deity of Dhangars.
- It is categorized in 2 parts- Nirguni Lavani and Shringari Lavani.
 - **Nirguni Lavani** deals with philosophy.
 - **Shringari Lavani** deals with sensuality.
- **Themes**- childbirth, love and separation of a husband and wife, endeavors of soldiers and social life such as politics, religion, romance, etc.
- Performance in front of a **large audience** is called **Padhachi Lavani**.
- Performance for small selected audience is called **Baithakichi Lavani**.
- At end of Lavani replica of the **Manmathas mount** is burnt.
- Male performers are called **Nats** or **Kinnars**.

Performance of Lavani

- It is performed by **women** who dance on beats of a **Dholak**.
- Other instruments are **cymbal** (Manjeera), **Tuntuni** (a string instrument), **Daf** (similar to a tambourine) and **harmonium**.
- **Tempo** of music and dance is **fast**.

Costumes of Lavani

- Performers wears ankle bells called **Ghungroo**.
- Saree worn by performers is longer and is called a **nauvari** wrapped around in a **kashta drape**.
- Performers tie their **hair back** in bun called a **juda** or ambada.
- Performers wears heavy jewelry- necklace, earrings, a nose ring called **nath**, and bangles.
- They wear **kamarpatta**- belt at **waist**.
- Performers applies large **red bindi** on forehead.

Why in news?

Recently, Prime Minister of India has expressed grief over demise of Marathi Lavani singer **Sulochana Tai Chavan**.