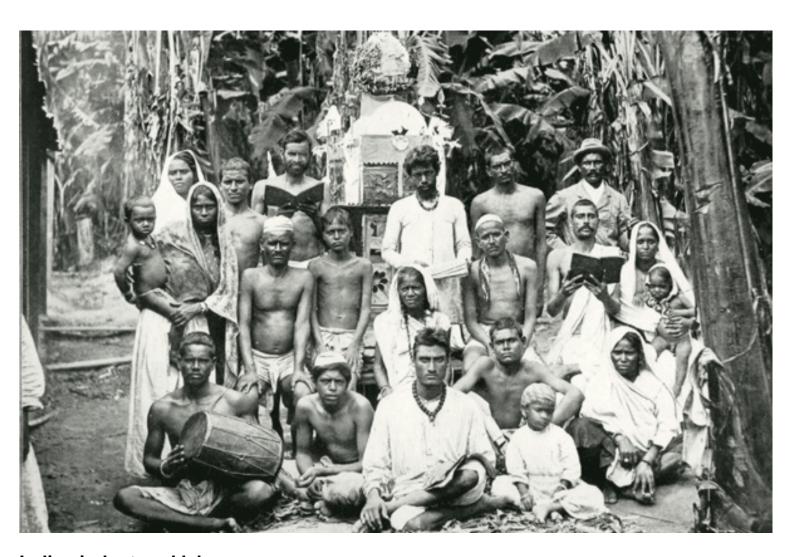


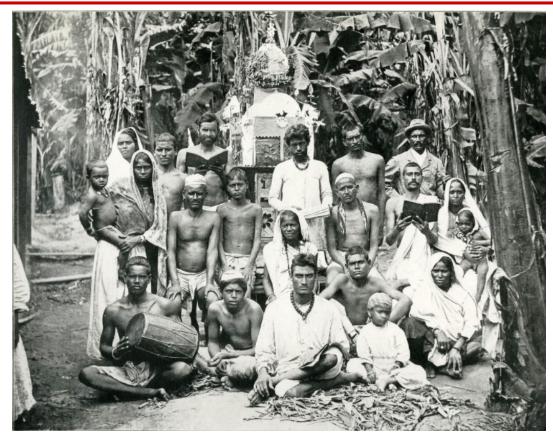
Indian indentured labourers

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Indian indentured labourers

Recently the **bicentenary** of the arrival of **Tamil indentured labourers** in **Sri Lanka**, was celebrated by **Sri Lanka** at an event called "**Naam 200**".



[ref-dhara]

What was Indian indenture system?

- The Indian indenture system was a system of **indentured servitude**, by which workers from British India were transported to **labour** in **European colonies**, as a substitute for **slave labor**, following the abolition of the **slave trade** in the early **19th century**.
- The system expanded after the abolition of slavery in the **British Empire** in **1833**, in the **French** colonies in **1848**, and in the **Dutch** Empire in **1863**.
- British Indian indentureship lasted till the **1920s**, which resulted in the development of a large **South Asian diaspora** in the Caribbean, South Africa, East Africa, Réunion, Mauritius, Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Myanmar, and Fiji etc.
- India's population provided the British Empire a huge source of cheap and mobile labourers.

Condition of the Indian indentured labourers:

- Many labourers suffered from debt like situation due to exorbitant fare of transportation that was charged from them.
- As soon as they reached those unfamiliar lands, they were confined to **massive plantations** and **construction sites**.
- They have no access to **sanitation**, running **water**, **medical** facilities or **schools** for their children.

The Indian indentured labourers in Sri Lanka:

• The Sri Lanka was initially a producer of coffee, but a fungal disease caused the disappearance



of coffee from Sri Lankan plantations.

- As **tea** required more labours than coffee and surging demand of tea, Sri Lanka started growing tea and Britishers started transporting more Tamilian indentured labours to the plantation site.
- The colonial state made it arduous for them to assimilate into **Sri Lankan society**.
- The Citizenship Act of 1948, after the Sri Lankan independence, rendered them stateless.
- The **kanganies** were sub-contractors, labour recruiters and overseers who played a dominant role in the **recruitment**, **management** and exploitation of Indian labourers on plantations field.