

# **Detention order under COFEPOSA Act, 1974**

By IASToppers | 2023-09-26 15:30:00



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The **Madras High Court (HC)** recently quashed a **detention order** issued under the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act (**COFEPOSA**) Act, 1974, against a **practicing lawyer**.



[Ref-Legal India]

#### About the HC order:

- The order was passed by a **division bench** on a **habeas corpus petition (HCP)** filed by the petitioner through his advocate.
  - Habeas corpus (you may have the body) is a writ issued by a court directing one who
    holds another person in custody, to produce the person before the court for a specified
    purpose.
- There was pendency of **anticipatory bail petition**, while it had already been dismissed.
  - Anticipatory bail is a direction to release a person on bail, issued even before the person is arrested.
- The <u>preventive detention</u> order had been vitiated.

## About the Preventive detention:

- It is an **action taken** by the **administration** on the **grounds of suspicion** that some wrong actions may be done by the person, **prejudicial** to the **state**.
- Article 22 of the Constitution states that every arrested person who is detained in custody shall be produced before a magistrate within a period of 24 hours (excluding time for journey), and shall not be in custody without the authority of a magistrate.
- Article 22(4): No law providing for preventive detention shall authorize the detention of a person for more than 3 months unless an Advisory Board provides its opinion.
- Article 22(3): If the person is arrested or detained under preventive detention laws then protection against it provided under Article22 (1) and 22 (2) shall not be available.
  - Article22 (1): No person who is arrested shall be detained in custody without being
    informed of the grounds for such arrest nor shall he be denied the right to consult, and
    to be defended by, a legal practitioner of his choice.



Article 22(2): Every detainee shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within 24 hours of such arrest excluding the time taken for the journey & no such person shall be detained in custody beyond such period without the authority of a magistrate.

### About the COFEPOSA Act, 1974:

- It provides for preventive detention in certain cases for conservation and augmentation of foreign exchange and prevention of smuggling activities, violating which may affect the economy and national security.
- Power to make orders are vested in **Central** or **state Government officer** or any **officer not** below the **rank of a Joint Secretary** in cases of abetment, transport, hiding, harbouring people **involved** in **smuggling goods**.
- No detention order shall be invalid or inoperative if the detention is outside the territorial jurisdiction of the concerned office.
- For **highly vulnerable areas** related to smuggling or related activities, it is necessary for the **effective prevention** and **violations** to provide for detention of concerned persons.
- Detention may be **longer** than **3 months** but **not** more than **6 months**, without obtaining the permission of **advisory board** in smuggling related cases.